



RAFFMETAL

THE ALUMINIUM EVOLUTION



Leghe di alluminio in colata continua. Continuous casting aluminium alloys

Standard: **UNI EN 1676 and 1706**

Alloy group: **Al Si 10 Mg**

Alloy designation: **EN AB and AC 43300 Al Si 9 Mg**

Replaces:

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION %

ALLOY		ELEMENTS												Individual impurities	Global impurities
		Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	Ni	Zn	Pb	Sn	Ti			
EN AB 43300	min	9,0				0,30									
	max	10,0	0,15	0,03	0,10	0,45	-	-	0,07	-	-	0,15	0,03	0,10	
	min	9,0				0,30									
	max	10,0	0,15	0,01	0,05	0,45	-	-	0,07	-	-	0,05	0,03	0,10	

MECHANICAL FEATURES DETECTED FROM SEPARATE CASTING TEST SPECIMENS

Casting process	Temper designations	Rm Tensile strenght		Sp 0,2 Yield strenght		A Elongation		HB Brinell hardness	
		EN 1706		EN 1706		EN 1706		EN 1706	
		Mpa	N/mm2	Mpa	N/mm2	%	%	HBW	HB
SAND (as cast) Hardened and Aged artif.	F		160 - 220		80 - 140		2 - 6		50 - 60
	T6	230	250 - 300	190	200 - 270	2	2 - 5		80 - 110
SHELL (as cast) Hardened and Aged artif. Partially Aged	F		180 - 240		90 - 150		2 - 6		60 - 80
	T6	290	260 - 340	210	200 - 280	4	4 - 7		85 - 115
	T64	250	260 - 340	180	200 - 280	6	4 - 7		85 - 115
PRESSURE DIE (as cast)	F								

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES (indicative values subject to the UNI EN and ex DIN Standards)

DENSITY	2.65 Kg/dm ³
MELTING RANGE or MELTING POINT	550 °C 600 °C
SPECIFIC HEAT (at 100)°	0.90 J/Gk
LINEAR SHRINKAGE IN SAND	1.0 - 1.1 %
LINEAR SHRINKAGE IN SHELL PROCES	0.7 - 1.0 %
LINEAR SHRINKAGE IN HIGH PRESSUR	04 - 06 %
ELECTRIC CONDUCTIVITY	20 - 26 MS/m
MODULUS OF ELASTICITY	7600 Kg/mm ²

THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY at 20°C	150 - 180 W/(m K)
LINEAR THERMAL EXPANSION from 20 t 100°C	-
LINEAR THERMAL EXPANSION from 20 t 200°C	21.0-10-6/°C
LINEAR THERMAL EXPANSION from 20 t 300°C	-
SUGGESTED MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE	780 °C
SUGGESTED CASTING TEMPERATURE	
°in sand	680 - 750 °C
°in shell	680 - 730 °C
°in pressure die	-

TECHNOLOGICAL FEATURES, QUALITATIVE INDICATIONS

STRENGTH AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURE(to 200°C)	LOW
GENERAL RESISTANCE TO CORROSION	GOOD
MACHINABILITY	EXCELLENT
CASTABILITY	GOOD
POLISHING	MEDIUM

RESISTANCE TO HOT TEARING	SMALL
PRESSURE TIGHTNESS	GOOD
WELDABILITY	EXCELLENT
DECORATIVE ANODISING	LOW
PROTECTIVE ANODISING	

AZIENDA CON SISTEMA DI GESTIONE PER LA QUALITÀ CERTIFICATO DA DNV = UNI EN ISO 9001:2008 =

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AZIENDA CON SISTEMA DI GESTIONE AMBIENTALE CERTIFICATO DA DNV = UNI EN ISO 14001:2004 =



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Replaces:

GENERALITIES REGARDING USE

The ingot recasting process must be carried out as quickly as possible and overheating must be avoided (maximum melting temperature 770°C).

The iron tools that can come into contact with the liquid metal must be appropriately painted to prevent contamination of the alloy.

The best results for refining the alloy are reached by treatments with inert gases such as nitrogen and/or argon with the intent of removing the hydrogen dissolved and the oxides present in the bath of molten metal. Better distribution of the gas in the molten metal is obtained by the use of relevant rotors. Pay particular attention that all transfer operations of the molten metal are performed with less turbulence possible. It is recommended to leave the molten metal at rest for a few minutes before starting casting. Careful skimming operations of the bath are recommended.

The re-cycling of risers and casting appendixes is allowed but within the limits of 40% of the total weight of the load.

SPECIFICITY REGARDING USE

For the realisation of casting with sensitive thickness, it is recommended to envision "modification" treatment.

If Strontium is used as the modifying element, it is recommended to operate with Strontium that do not exceed 300 ppm in order to prevent excess reactivity of the alloy in the liquid state with consequent oxidation and gassing phenomena

Remember that the contents of Strontium exceeding 100 ppm are normally sufficient to obtain a well-modified structure.

Considering the level of purity of the alloy's chemical composition (reduced content of Cu - Zn - Fe) it is important to consider the level of cleanliness of the melting furnaces and the attention of the re-cycling of the risers in order to prevent induced pollution that could jeopardise the technical properties of the alloy.

TYPICAL USE

Alloy susceptible to heat treatment with excellent castability and mechanical resistance, after artificial aging. Used in mechanical constructions, car and motor industry, electrical appliances etc.

Alloy EN 43300 is in compliance with the EN 601 Foodstuff Standard.

COMPARISON WITH EQUIVALENT OR SIMILAR FOREIGN STANDARDS

	ITALY	GERMANY	FRANCE	G.B.R.	USA	ISO	JAPAN	TURKEY
	UNI	(Din1725/5-86)	(NFA57-105)	(BS1490-88)	(ASTM B179-82)	(3522-84)	(JIS H2211-92)	(ETIAL)
Equivalent		GB AlSi 9 Mg					AC4A.2	
Similar	UNI 3051							ETIAL - 171

HEAT TREATMENTS

Hardening 520 - 535°C after pre-heating of 6 - 10 hours in normal conditions
Complete Artificial Aging at 160 - 175°C for 6 - 8 hours.

Limitation of liability

The contents of these technical sheets gave an informative purpose and do not constitute a warranty regarding the properties stated. The decisions based on this information are taken under the responsibility and risk of the user and do not exclude it from the verification. If the former are not carried out, we do not assume any liability.

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